

NAPOCARES[™] PATIENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM APPLICATION

PATIENT INFORMATION

			_
PATIENT FIRST NAME	PATIENT LAST NAME	DATE OF BIRTH	GENDER:
			□ Male
PATIENT STREET ADDRESS			□ Female
			□ Nonbinary
CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	-
			OPT OUT OF
PATIENT PHONE NUMBER	PATIENT EMAIL ADDRESS		COMMUNICATIONS:
PHONE NUMBER TYPE: Home Mobile Work			Please check here if
OKAY TO LEAVE MESSAGE?: 🗆 Yes 🖾 No			you do not wish to
BEST TIME TO CALL: Morning Afternoon	PREFERRED LANGUAGE (IF OTHER THAN END	GLISH)	 receive communications other than those
PREFERRED CONTACT METHOD: Phone Email			related to the program.
CAREGIVER NAME (OPTIONAL)	CAREGIVER PHONE NUMBER (OPTIONAL)	RELATIONSHIP TO PATIENT (OPTIONAL)	-
FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE:			
\$			_
YEARLY HOUSEHOLD INCOME		# OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD	
(TOTAL COMBINED YEARLY INCOME FOR ALL HOUSEHOLD N	,		
PLEASE NOTE IF THERE ARE INCOME CHANGES FOR CURREN	II YEAR)		

PATIENT AUTHORIZATION

SIGN

By signing this Authorization, I authorize each of my healthcare providers, pharmacists, including any specialty pharmacy that receives my prescription for Mytesi (crofelemer), other healthcare providers (together "Healthcare Providers"), and any of my health insurers (together, "Insurers") to disclose my Protected Health Information to Napo Pharmaceuticals, Inc., its affiliated companies, vendors, agents, collaboration partners, and representatives (together, "Napo Pharmaceuticals, Inc."), including providers of alternate sources of funding for prescription drug costs, and other service providers supporting NapoCares (the "Program") for Healthcare Providers and patients for the purposes described below. Protected Health Information may include, but is not limited to, medical records, information related to my medical condition and treatment, health insurance coverage, my name, address, telephone number, Social Security number, insurance plan, and/or group numbers (together, "Protected Health Information").

By my signature below, I confirm that I am a US resident—but not a resident of Puerto Rico or other US territories—and that I understand and that I authorize NapoCares and any entity that may be contracted to be the Program's administrator ("Administrator") of NapoCares to receive and to have access to the following Information: (1) Information contained in this application, (2) Information on the prescription medications that my healthcare provider has provided or will provide to me, (3) other Information that NapoCares or the Administrator may obtain about me in managing the NapoCares program (collectively, the "Information"), and (4) Information about my diagnosis and related treatment plan.

By my signature below, I further authorize NapoCares to use the Information in the following manner: (1) to review my application and to contact me or my healthcare provider, as necessary, to conduct such review, (2) for purposes relating to the management of the NapoCares program, and (3) for NapoCares internal purposes involving patient assistance programs and charitable programs generally. I understand that personally identifiable information will not be shared with third parties, however that certain de-identified portions of the Information (for example, general location, age, gender) may be shared with third parties for purposes of managing NapoCares. I understand that I have the right to revoke this Authorization at any time by sending written notice to NapoCares at the address set forth in this application. If I revoke this Authorization, I will no longer be eligible for the services provided by the NapoCares program. Revocation of this Authorization will prohibit disclosures of my personal Information to the aforementioned third parties after the date such revocation is received and processed but will not affect disclosures made before that time.

I authorize any pharmacy and/or healthcare provider who is in possession of my health Information to use and/or disclose to NapoCares and the Administrator all Information, health or otherwise, relating to my participation in NapoCares. I understand that if my Information is disclosed in this manner by a pharmacy or healthcare provider, federal privacy laws may no longer protect the Information from further disclosure.

I authorize use of my demographic Information to access my credit Information and Information derived from public and other sources to estimate my income in conjunction with the eligibility determination process. I understand this is a soft inquiry that will not affect my credit score or be visible to lenders viewing a credit report.

I authorize use of my demographic Information to access reports on my individual credit history from consumer reporting agencies. I understand that upon request, I will be informed whether an individual consumer report was requested and the name and address of the agency that furnished it.

I certify that the Information I have set forth in this application is true, correct, and complete, and I agree to abide by the rules, procedures, and above-referenced conditions of this program. I understand that eligibility under the NapoCares program is subject to approval by NapoCares and/or the Administrator and that application to the NapoCares program does not guarantee inclusion in the NapoCares program. I understand that I am responsible for notifying NapoCares if I have a change in income or insurance coverage that may impact my eligibility. I understand that the NapoCares program may be changed or terminated at any time and without prior notice.

HERE	PATIENT SIGNATURE (PLEASE SIGN HERE AND ON PAGE 2)	DATE
SIGN HERE		
HERE	PATIENT LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE (IF APPROPRIATE)	RELATIONSHIP TO PATIENT (OPTIONAL)

PRESCRIBER INFORMATION				
PRESCRIBER FIRST NAME	PRESCRIBER LAST	NAME		
STREET ADDRESS	CITY / STATE		ZIP CODE	
NPI #				 PREFERRED METHOD OF COMMUNICATION: Phone
OFFICE CONTACT NAME		OFFICE PHONE NUMBER		Email
OFFICE EMAIL ADDRESS		OFFICE FAX NUMBER		□ Fax



napocares@napopharma.com napocares.com

NAPOCARES[™] PATIENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM APPLICATION (CONTINUED)

PRESCRIPTION

PATIENT FIRST NAME / LAST NAME

DRUG SELECTION:

Mytesi 125 mg (crofelemer) delayed-released tablets Qty: 60 Refills: 11 SIG: One (1) tablet BID

PRESCRIBER SIGNATURE (DISPENSE AS WRITTEN)

DATE

DATE

PRESCRIBER AUTHORIZATION

By signing below, I certify that (1) the above therapy is appropriate and medically necessary and in the best interest of the named patient; (2) I have received the appropriate permission from the patient (or the patient's Legal Representative) and met any other applicable legal or regulatory requirements such as those imposed under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and/or state law needed to release the above information to Napo Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (Napo) and its agents; (3) I have obtained the patient's authorization to release the above information as may be required by AssistRx, as Napo Pharmaceuticals, Inc.'s agent, and its employees to assist in obtaining coverage for Mytesi; and (4) I appoint AssistRx as my agent for the purpose of conveying this prescription to the appropriate dispensing pharmacy, verifying the patient's insurance coverage for MYTESI (crofelemer) 125 mg tablets, providing my patient and me with educational and support services associated with MYTESI (crofelemer).

I certify that I have reviewed the additional terms available at https://ebvterms.com, which are specifically incorporated herein by reference, and acknowledge and consent to their application and enforceability in regard to this certification.

PRESCRIBER SIGNATURE

- OVERVIEW NapoCares Patient Assistance Program is designed to provide Mytesi to those for whom it is appropriate and a medical need has been established, who cannot afford the cost of therapy and who are below the maximum income requirements adjusted by household size and have no other insurance coverage or federally funded health benefit options available to access Mytesi.
- **DEFINITIONS** For the purpose of this enrollment form and NapoCares Patient Assistance Program, the following definitions shall apply: "Patient" means one on whose behalf an application has been submitted for Benefits under NapoCares; "Applicant" means a person who submits an application for Benefits under NapoCares; "Beneficiary" means an Applicant whose application for access to Mytesi at no cost has been granted in full or part pursuant to the NapoCares program; "Benefits" means Mytesi Delayed-Release Tablets that are provided pursuant to the NapoCares program; "You" means the Applicant and/or a Beneficiary, as appropriate from the context of this use; and "NapoCares" means the NapoCares Patient Assistance Program.
- 3 SIGNATURES REQUIRED In order to be considered for Benefits under NapoCares, both You (or your legal representative) and your prescribing healthcare provider must complete and sign the appropriate sections of the application form.
- ACCESS TO INFORMATION Your application for Benefits allows access to financial, medical, and other information about You. In order for NapoCares to receive certain medical information about You in your application, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and the related Privacy Rule 45 CFR Parts 160 and 164 (collectively "HIPAA") require NapoCares to obtain your written authorization. If You do not sign the enrollment form, NapoCares cannot process your application and You will not be able to participate in NapoCares.
- 5 ELIGIBILITY For purposes of this enrollment form, the determination of whether a person can afford Mytesi is considered with respect to the individual and, if applicable, family/ household members and/or any other person having legal responsibility for the Patient (if the Patient is a dependent adult). NapoCares is intended for Patients who are financially disadvantaged and have no other insurance coverage or federally funded health benefits options that would enable the Patient to access Mytesi. Only Patients whose annual household income (all household members' incomes must be included) meets income eligibility criteria adjusted by household size are eligible for participation in NapoCares for Mytesi at no cost.
- (6) US RESIDENTS ONLY Only US Residents (excluding Puerto Rico and other US territories) are eligible for Benefits under NapoCares.
- **LIMIT ON SUPPLY** A maximum of 1 initial prescription fill and up to 11 prescription refills of Mytesi over a 12-month period may be awarded to a Beneficiary for each application submitted. Prescribing physicians and Patients must reapply annually if additional supplies are required. If Patient's enrollment occurs on or after November 1st, Patient will be considered as enrolled for both the remainder of the current calendar year and the entirety of the following calendar year. However, if Patient's enrollment occurs prior to November 1st, Patient will need to re-enroll at the appropriate time for the following calendar year.
- 8 NO RIGHT TO ASSISTANCE An applicant for Benefits under NapoCares has no legal right to receive assistance from NapoCares. Any award of Benefits from NapoCares will involve the assessment of many criteria among potentially qualified Applicants. Therefore, we reserve the right to grant or deny an application, in whole or in part, on the basis of such criteria as we deem appropriate. In particular, the fact that an Applicant may be granted an award of Benefits at one time does not mean that the Applicant is entitled to, or will be granted, an award of Benefits at any time. Napo Pharmaceuticals, Inc. reserves the right to rescind, revoke, or amend this program at any time without notice.
- 9 DISTRIBUTION NapoCares uses contracted partners for all of its distribution activities, including distribution of Mytesi. NapoCares' contracted distributors are responsible for the distribution activities provided, including any delays in shipment or other problems that might occur with the delivery of Mytesi.
- 10 DRUG SHORTAGE NapoCares will attempt to provide You with sufficient quantities of Mytesi to cover your needs while You are enrolled in the NapoCares program. However, in the event that a shortage of drug exists at any time during the period of time for which You have been awarded the drug under NapoCares, NapoCares will give You written or verbal notice of such shortage.
- **WAITING LISTS** NapoCares may receive numerous applications, resulting in requests for more Mytesi than is available through the NapoCares program. Therefore, NapoCares may not be able to approve all applications for Benefits. Moreover, a waiting list of Applicants may accrue, which may delay processing applications until a sufficient supply of Mytesi becomes available through the NapoCares program.
- 12 RIGHT TO MODIFY BENEFIT We, during the time period of any award to Beneficiary, reserve the right to review the award and/or the Patient's medical and financial situation. Based on that review, we reserve the right to increase, decrease, or terminate Benefits previously awarded to You.
- 13 ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS In the course of reviewing an application and/or administering an award of Benefits under NapoCares, we reserve the right to impose such other conditions and/or require that You provide such other information and/or that You take such actions as we deem appropriate.
- 14 NO WARRANTIES NapoCares does not make any representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, concerning any aspect of NapoCares.
- **15 TERMINATION OF PROGRAM** NapoCares may be amended or terminated, without prior notice, at any time.

SIGN HERE

PATIENT SIGNATURE

PATIENT LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE (IF APPROPRIATE)

RELATIONSHIP TO PATIENT (OPTIONAL)

DATE

HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use MYTESI safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for MYTESI.

MYTESI® (crofelemer) delayed-release tablets, for oral use Initial U.S. Approval: 2012

-----BECENT MAJOR CHANGES-

Dosage and Administration (2)	02/2018
Warnings and Precautions (5.1)	02/2018

--- INDICATIONS AND USAGE--

MYTESI is an anti-diarrheal indicated for the symptomatic relief of non-infectious diarrhea in adult patients with HIV/AIDS on anti-retroviral therapy. (1)

--- DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION--

Before starting MYTESI, rule out infectious etiologies of diarrhea. (2, 5.1) The recommended adult dosage is 125 mg taken orally twice a day, with or without food, (2)

Do not crush or chew the tablets. Swallow whole. (2)

FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION: CONTENTS*

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FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE

MYTESI is indicated for symptomatic relief of non-infectious diarrhea in adult patients with HIV/AIDS on anti-retroviral therapy.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION 2

Before starting MYTESI, rule out infectious etiologies of diarrhea [see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)].

The recommended adult dosage of MYTESI is 125 mg taken orally two times a day, with or without food. Do not crush or chew MYTESI tablets. Swallow whole

DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS 3

- Delayed-Release Tablets: 125 mg of crofelemer as a white, oval, delayed-release tablet printed on one side with 125SLXP.
- Δ CONTRAINDICATIONS None

5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

5.1 Risks of Treatment in Patients with Infectious Diarrhea

Before starting MYTESI, rule out infectious etiologies of diarrhea. If infectious etiologies are not considered, and MYTESI is initiated based on a presumptive diagnosis of non-infectious diarrhea, then there is a risk that patients with infectious etiologies will not receive the appropriate treatments, and their disease may worsen. MYTESI is not indicated for the treatment of infectious diarrhea

6 ADVERSE REACTIONS

Clinical Trials Experience

Because clinical trials are conducted under widely varying conditions, adverse reaction rates observed in the clinical trials of a drug cannot be directly compared to rates in the clinical trials of another drug and may not reflect the rates observed in practice

A total of 696 HIV-positive patients in three placebo-controlled trials received MYTESI for a mean duration of 78 days. Of the total population across the three trials, 229 patients received a dosage of 125 mg twice a day for a mean duration of 141 days, and 171 patients received one of four higher than recommended dosages for a mean duration of 139 days (N=69) 14 days (N=102), 146 days (N=54), and 14 days (N=242), respectively.

Adverse reactions in patients treated with MYTESI 125 mg twice daily that occurred in at least 2% of patients and at a higher incidence than placebo are provided in Table 1

--DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS-----Delaved-Release Tablets: 125 mg (3)

---CONTRAINDICATIONS------None (4)

-WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS-

Risks of Treatment in Patients with Infectious Diarrhea: Consider infectious etiologies of diarrhea before starting treatment to reduce the risk of inappropriate therapy and worsening disease. (2, 5.1) ----ADVERSE REACTIONS--

Most common adverse reactions (≥ 3%) are: upper respiratory tract infection, bronchitis, cough, flatulence and increased bilirubin. (6.1)

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Napo Pharmaceuticals at 1-844-722-8256 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

Revised 02/2018

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* Sections or subsections omitted from the full prescribing information are not listed.

Table 1:	Common Adverse Reactions* in HIV-Positive Patients in
	Three Placebo-Controlled Trials

Adverse Reaction	MYTESI	Placebo
	125 mg Twice Daily N = 229 n (%)	N = 274 n (%)
Upper respiratory tract infection	13 (6)	4 (2)
Bronchitis	9 (4)	0
Cough	8 (4)	3 (1)
Flatulence	7 (3)	3 (1)
Increased bilirubin	7 (3)	3 (1)
Nausea	6 (3)	4 (2)
Back pain	6 (3)	4 (2)
Arthralgia	6 (3)	0
Urinary tract infection	5 (2)	2 (1)
Nasopharyngitis	5 (2)	2 (1)
Musculoskeletal pain	5 (2)	1 (<1)
Hemorrhoids	5 (2)	0
Giardiasis	5 (2)	0
Anxiety	5 (2)	1 (<1)
Increased alanine aminotransferase	5 (2)	3 (1)
Abdominal distension	5 (2)	1 (<1)
* occurring in at least 2% of patients a	nd at a higher inc	idence than

occurring in at least 2% of patients and at a higher incidence than placebo

Less common adverse reactions that occurred in between 1% and 2% of patients taking 125 mg twice daily of MYTESI were abdominal pain, acne, increased aspartate aminotransferase, increased conjugated bilirubin, increased unconjugated blood bilirubin, constipation, depression, dermatitis, dizziness, dry mouth, dyspepsia, gastroenteritis, herpes zoster, nephrolithiasis, pain in extremity, pollakiuria, sinusitis and decreased white blood cell count.

7 DRUG INTERACTIONS

7.1 Nelfinavir, Zidovudine, and Lamivudine

MYTESI administration did not have a clinically relevant interaction with nelfinavir, zidovudine, or lamivudine in a drug-drug interaction trial [see Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)]

8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

8.1 Pregnancy

Pregnancy Category C

Reproduction studies performed with crofelemer in rats at oral doses up to 177 times the recommended daily human dose of 250 mg (approximately 4.2 mg/kg) revealed no evidence of impaired fertility

or harm to the fetus. In pregnant rabbits, crofelemer at an oral dose of about 96 times the recommended daily human dose of 4.2 mg/kg caused abortions and resorptions of fetuses. However, it is not clear whether these effects are related to the maternal toxicity observed. A pre- and postnatal development study performed with crofelemer in rats at oral doses of up to 177 times the recommended daily human dose of 4.2 mg/kg revealed no evidence of adverse pre- and postnatal effects in offspring. There are, however, no adequate, well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Because animal reproduction studies are not always predictive of human response, this drug should be used during pregnancy . only if clearly needed.

8.3 Nursing Mothers

It is not known whether crofelemer is excreted in human milk Because many drugs are excreted in human milk and because of the potential for adverse reactions in nursing infants from MYTESI, a decision should be made whether to discontinue nursing or to discontinue the drug, taking into account the importance of the drug to the mother.

8.4 Pediatric Use

The safety and effectiveness of MYTESI have not been established in pediatric patients.

8.5 Geriatric Use

Clinical studies with MYTESI did not include sufficient numbers of patients aged 65 and over to determine whether they respond differently than younger patients.

8.6 Use in Patients with Low CD4 Counts and High Viral Loads

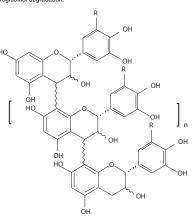
No dose modifications are recommended with respect to CD4 cell count and HIV viral load, based on the findings in subgroups of patients defined by CD4 cell count and HIV viral load.

The safety profile of MYTESI was similar in patients with baseline CD4 cell count less than 404 cells/microL (lower limit of normal range) (N=388) and patients with baseline CD4 cell counts greater than or equal to 404 cells/microL (N=289).

The safety profile of crofelemer was similar in patients with baseline HIV viral loads less than 400 copies/mL (N = 412) and patients with baseline HIV viral loads greater than or equal to 400 copies/mL (N = 278).

11 DESCRIPTION

MYTESI (crofelemer) delayed-release tablets is an anti-diarrheal. enteric-coated drug product for oral administration. It contains 125 mg of crofelemer, a botanical drug substance that is derived from the red latex of Croton lechleri Müll. Arg. Crofelemer is an oligomeric proanthocyanidin mixture primarily composed of (+)-catechin, (-)-epicatechin, (+)gallocatechin, and (-)-epigallocatechin monomer units linked in random sequence, as represented below. The average degree of polymerization for the oligomers ranges between 5 and 7.5, as determined by phloroglucinol degradation.



R = H or OH range n = 3 to 5.5

Inactive ingredients: colloidal silicon dioxide, croscarmellose sodium, magnesium stearate, and microcrystalline cellulose.

Coating ingredients: ethylacrylate and methylacrylate copolymer dispersion. talc. triethyl citrate, and white dispersion which contains xanthan gum, titanium dioxide, propyl paraben, and methyl paraben.

12 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

12.1 Mechanism of Action

Crofelemer is an inhibitor of both the cyclic adenosine monophosphate (cAMP)-stimulated cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) chloride ion (CI) channel, and the calciumactivated CF channels (CaCC) at the luminal membrane of enterocytes. The CFTR CF channel and CaCC regulate CF and fluid secretion by intestinal epithelial cells. Crofelemer acts by blocking CF secretion and accompanying high volume water loss in diarrhea, normalizing the flow of CE and water in the gastrointestinal tract.

12.2 Pharmacodynamics

Consistent with the mechanism of action of crofelemer (i.e., inhibition of CFTR and CaCC in the gastrointestinal lumen), data suggest stool chloride concentrations decreased in patients treated with crofelemer 500 mg four times daily (8-times the recommended daily dosage) (n=25) for four days relative to placebo (n=24); stool chloride concentrations decreased in both African American patients treated with crofelemer (n=3) relative to placebo (n=5) and non-African American patients treated with MYTESI (n=22) relative to placebo (n=19).

3



MYTESI

(CROFELEMER) DELAYED-

RELEASE TABLETS

REV: February 2018

Cardiac Electrophysiology

At a dose 10 times the maximum recommended dose crofelemer does not prolong the QTc interval to any clinically relevant extent.

12.3 Pharmacokinetics

Absorption

The absorption of crofelemer is minimal following oral dosing in healthy adults and HIV-positive patients and concentrations of crofelemer in plasma are below the level of quantitation (50 ng/mL) Therefore, standard pharmacokinetic parameters such as area under the curve, maximum concentration, and half-life cannot be estimated. Effect of Food

Administration of crofelemer with a high-fat meal was not associated with an increase in systemic exposure of crofelemer in healthy subjects. In the clinical trial, a single 500 mg dose of crofelemer (4-times the recommended dose) was administered one-half hour before the morning and evening meals [see Dosage and Administration (2)]. Drug Interaction Studies

In vitro studies have shown that crofelemer has the potential to inhibit cytochrome P450 isoenzyme 3A and transporters MRP2 and OATP1A2 at concentrations expected in the gut. Due to the minimal absorption of crofelemer, crofelemer is unlikely to inhibit cytochrome P450 isoenzymes 1A2, 2A6, 2B6, 2C9, 2C19, 2D6, 2E1 and CYP3A4 systemically.

Nelfinavir, Zidovudine, Lamivudine

Results of a crossover study in healthy subjects showed crofelemer 500 mg administered four times daily (8-times the recommended dosage) for five days had no effect on the exposure of zidovudine and nelfinavir when administered as a single dose. A 20% decrease in lamivudine exposure was also observed in the same study but was not considered to be clinically important.

13 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY

13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

Carcinogenesis Long-term studies in animals have not been performed to evaluate the carcinogenic potential of crofelemer

Mutagenesis

Crofelemer was negative in the bacterial reverse mutation assay. chromosomal aberration assay, and rat bone marrow micronucleus assav.

Impairment of Fertility

Crofelemer, at oral doses of up to 738 mg/kg/day (177 times the recommended human daily dose of 125 mg twice daily), had no effects on fertility or reproductive performance of male and female rats.

14 CLINICAL STUDIES

The efficacy of MYTESI was evaluated in a randomized, doubleblind, placebo-controlled (one month) and placebo-free (five month), multi-center study. The study enrolled 374 HIV-positive patients on stable anti-retroviral therapy with a history of diarrhea for one month or more. Diarrhea was defined as either persistently loose stools despite regular use of anti-diarrheal medication (e.g., loperamide, diphenoxylate, and bismuth subsalicylate) or one or more watery bowel movements per day without regular anti-diarrheal medicine use.

Patients were excluded if they had a positive gastrointestinal biopsy, gastrointestinal culture, or stool test for multiple bacteria (Salmonella, Shigella, Campylobacter, Yersinia, Mycobacterium), bacterial toxin (*Clostridium difficile*), ova and parasites (Giardia, Entamoeba, Isospora, Cyclospora, Cryptosporidium, Microsporidium), or viruses (Cytomegalovirus). Patients were also excluded if they had a history of ulcerative colitis, Crohn's disease, celiac sprue (gluten-enteropathy), chronic pancreatitis, malabsorption, or any other gastrointestinal disease associated with diarrhea.

The study had a two-stage adaptive design. In both stages patients received placebo for 10 days (screening period) followed by randomization to crofelemer or placebo for 31 days of treatment (double-blind period). Only patients with 1 or more watery bowel movements per day on at least 5 of the last 7 days in the screening period were randomized to the double-blind period. Each stage enrolled patients separately; the dose for the second stage was selected based on an interim analysis of data from the first stage. In the first stage, patients were randomized 1:1:1:1 to one of three crofelemer dosage regimens (125 mg twice daily, or one of two higher dosage regimens) or placebo. In the second stage, patients were randomized 1:1 to MYTESI 125 mg twice daily or placebo. The efficacy analysis was based on results from the double-blind portion of both stages.

Each study stage also had a five month period (placebo-free period) that followed the double-blind period. Patients treated with MYTESI continued the same dose in the placebo-free period. In the first stage, patients that received placebo were re-randomized 1:1:1 to one of the three crofelemer dosage regimens (125 mg twice daily, or one of the two higher dosage regimens) in the placebo-free period. In the second stage, patients that received placebo were treated with MYTESI 125 mg twice daily in the placebo-free period.

The median time since diagnosis of HIV was 12 years. The percentage of patients with a CD4 cell count of less than 404 was 39% The percentage of patients with a HIV viral load greater than or equal to 1000, 400 to 999, and less than 400 HIV copies/mL was 7%, 3%, and 9%, respectively; the remainder had a viral load that was not detectable The median time since diarrhea started was 4 years. The median number of daily watery bowel movements was 2.5 per day.

Most patients were male (85%). The percentage of patients that were Caucasian was 46%; the percentage of patients that were African-American was 32%. The median age was 45 years with a range of 21 to 68 years

In the double-blind period of the study, 136 patients received MYTESI 125 mg twice daily, 101 patients received one of the two higher dosage regimens and 138 patients received placebo. The percentages of patients that completed the double-blind period were 92% in the MYTESI 125 mg group and 94% in the placebo arm.

Most patients received concomitant protease inhibitors during the double-blind period (Table 2). The most frequently used anti-retroviral therapies in the MYTESI 125 mg and placebo groups were tenofovir/ emtricitabine, ritonavir, and lopinavir/ritonavir.

Concomitant Anti-Retroviral Therapy Used in the Table 2: Double-Blind Period in Patients with HIV

	MYTESI 125 mg twice daily (N = 136)n (%)	Placebo N = 138 n (%)
Any antiretroviral therapy	135 (99)	134 (97)
Any protease inhibitor	87 (64)	97 (70)
Tenofovir/Emtricitabine	45 (33)	52 (38)
Ritonavir	46 (34)	49 (36)
Lopinavir/Ritonavir	30 (22)	40 (29)
Efavirenz/Tenofovir/Emtricitabine	30 (22)	21 (15)
Tenofovir disoproxil fumarate	18 (13)	14 (10)
Atazanavir sulfate	19 (14)	22 (16)
Abacavir w/ lamivudine	17 (13)	18 (13)
Darunavir	19 (14)	14 (10)
Raltegravir	16 (12)	11 (8)
Valaciclovir hydrochloride	12 (9)	16 (12)
Fosamprenavir	12 (9)	13 (9)
Zidovudine w/lamivudine	12 (9)	15 (11)
Lamivudine	7 (5)	6 (4)
Nevirapine	8 (6)	9 (7)
Atazanavir	5 (4)	2 (1)

The primary efficacy endpoint was the proportion of patients with a clinical response, defined as less than or equal to 2 watery bowe movements per week during at least 2 of the 4 weeks of the placebocontrolled phase. Patients who received concomitant anti-diarrheal medications or opiates were counted as clinical non-responders.

A significantly larger proportion of patients in the MYTESI 125 mg twice daily group experienced clinical response compared with patients in the placebo group (18% vs. 8%, 1-sided p < 0.01). In the randomized clinical study, examination of duration of diarrhea, baseline number of daily watery bowel movements, use of protease inhibitors, CD4 cell count and age subgroups did not identify differences in the consistency of the crofelemer treatment effect among these subgroups. There were too few female patients and patients with an HIV viral load > 400 copies/ mL to adequately assess differences in effects in these populations. Among race subgroups, there were no differences in the consistency of the crofelemer treatment effect except for the subgroup of African-Americans; crofelemer was less effective in African-Americans than non-African-Americans.

Although the CD4 cell count and HIV viral load did not appear to change over the one month placebo-controlled period, the clinical significance of this finding is unknown because of the short duration of the placebo-controlled period.

Of the 24 clinical responders to MYTESI 125 mg twice daily, 22 entered the placebo-free period; 16 were responding at the end of month 3, and 14 were responding at the end of month 5.

HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING 16

MYTESI (crofelemer) 125 mg delayed-release tablets are white, oval tablets printed on one side with 125SLXP. They are available in the following package size:

Bottles of 60: NDC 70564-802-60

Store at 20°C-25°C (68°F-77°F); excursions permitted between 15°C-30°C (59°F-86°F). See USP Controlled Room Temperature.

17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

- Instruct patients that MYTESI tablets may be taken with or without food
- Instruct patients to swallow MYTESI tablets whole and not to crush or chew the tablets.

Manufactured by Patheon, Inc. for



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The botanical drug substance of MYTESI is extracted from Croton lechleri (the botanical raw material) that is harvested from the wild in South America